PRESS RELEASE BY HCoC SUBSCRIBING STATES

The fifteenth annual Regular Meeting of the Subscribing States to the Hague Code of Conduct against Ballistic Missile Proliferation (HCoC) took place in Vienna, with the participation of 72 registered delegations, from June 2 to June 3, 2016.

The participants reaffirmed the importance of the Code as a unique multilateral confidence building and transparency instrument against ballistic missile proliferation, while contributing to the process of strengthening existing national and international security arrangements and disarmament and non-proliferation objectives and mechanisms.

Canada, as outgoing Chair of the HCoC, outlined the efforts made during the last year to enhance the universalization of the HCoC, to enhance its implementation by Subscribing States, and to raise awareness of the Code. Kazakhstan, on assuming the Chairmanship for 2016-2017, introduced the objectives of its presidency for the year: the full and comprehensive implementation of the Code in all its aspects and strengthening outreach activities for advancing the process of HCoC universalization. Poland was approved as the Chair for the period 2017-2018.

The participants welcomed the new subscription of India. Currently, 138 States have subscribed to the Code. Subscribing States appreciated the outreach activities conducted by the outgoing Chair as well as by interested Subscribing States and the European Union.

The Subscribing States stressed the ongoing need to stem the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction and their means of delivery and to encourage new subscriptions to the Hague Code of Conduct, particularly by countries with space launch vehicle and ballistic missile capabilities.

The Subscribing States reaffirmed the threat to international peace and security posed by the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction and their means of delivery, which constitutes a serious concern of the international community, in various regions of the world. In this regard, the DPRK’s ballistic missile launches in 2015-2016, to which the UN Security Council duly reacted with the resolution 2270 (2016), were noted in the course of the discussions.

The Subscribing States also reaffirmed the right to use space for peaceful purposes. The need to exercise the necessary vigilance in the consideration of assistance to Space Launch Vehicle programmes so as to not contribute to, support or assist any ballistic missile programme in countries in contravention of international norms and obligations, as is provided for in the Code, was emphasized.

The Subscribing States agreed to continue efforts for reaching universalization of the Code, which remains of paramount importance. The Subscribing States agreed to promote a resolution on the HCoC to be adopted at the 71st Session of the UN General Assembly.

The Subscribing States also stressed the importance of full implementation of the Code, in particular with regard to Pre-Launch-Notifications and the timely submission of Annual
Declarations, and declared their intention to encourage and achieve improved performance in these areas.

The Subscribing States received a briefing from the Chair of the Missile Technology Control Regime (MTCR) regarding the work of the MTCR, and a presentation from the United Nations Office for Disarmament Affairs (UNODA) regarding the development of education material under “the Disarmament and Non-Proliferation Education Partnership.”

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